

SERVICE

S.C.

NUMBER

Broughton, Thomas

W. 897

a Broughton,

Mary

CONTENTS

This Envelope Includes

FINAL PAYMENT VOUCHER

Received from GAO

2522

Misses Jackson

Mary Broughton

widow of Thomas Broughton
who was a *Legt & Vicar*
in the *South Carolina Line*

Inscribed on the Roll at the rate of
240 Dollars
Cents per annum, to commence on
the 4th day of March, 1843.

Certificate of Pension issued the
30th day of *Oct* 1843
and sent to
Wm. John W. Crockett
Genl
Genl

[Act of March 3, 1843.]

Recorded in Book *A*
Vol. *1* Page *217*.

W. Gause July 27 1853
" E. L. Galt Oct 26 1855
A. A. Markland Feb 11 1857

P. H. Galt

Branch of the Bank of the State of Alabama, at Decatur,

Sept. 16th 1836

Received of Horace Greene, agent for paying Pensions,
Nine hundred forty eight Dollars, & Cents; being for three years
^{and twelve days}
Eleven months pension due to Mary Broughton from the 4th
day of March 1831 to the fourteenth day of Feb 1835
for which I have signed duplicate receipts.



Thomas Broughton
Attorney

Robert Wallace Broughton
son of Thomas & Mary Broughton
was born the 31st of December 1785
and died the 29th June 1786
aged five months and 29 Days

Ann Wingelton Broughton
Daughter of Thomas & Mary
Broughton was born the 25th
June 1786

Marah Broughton Daughter
of Thomas and Mary Broughton
was born the 12th September 1789
and died the 23rd October 1789
aged One month & 11 Days

Thomas Broughton Son of
Thomas and Mary Broughton
was born the 2nd of September
1791

Ruth Broughton - Daugh-
ter of Thomas & Mary
Broughton - was Born
the Fourteenth Day of May
1802

Mary Broughton, Daughter
of Thomas & ^{Mary} Broughton, was
Born the 9th of May in
the year of Our Lord One
Thousand Seven hundred &
Ninety & 2

Isabel Stewart Broughton
Daughter of Thomas & Mary
Broughton was Born the 15th
of March in the year of our
Lord one Thousand Sevenhund-
red & Ninety Nine

State of Alabama

Lawrence County. 3rd On this 3rd day of February, 1835, personally appeared before James P. Wallace, judge of the County Court of said County, which is a Court of record Thomas Brantley, a resident of said County and State, aged seventy-four years, who being first duly sworn according to Law, doth on his oath make the following declaration in order to obtain the benefits of the act of Congress, passed June 7, 1832.

He entered the service of the United States under the following named officers, and served as herein stated. He was born on the 18th of April, 1760, in St. Johns Parish on Cooper River in S. Carolina - has no record of his age, which was in his fathers Bible, and as he believes, was destroyed by the British after the taking of Charleston - he was enrolled in Capt. Benjamin Waring's Company of Militia in 1776 - served as a private in said Company until 1779 - Capt. Waring was ordered to take charge of the magazine at Fort Mifflin on the Ashley River - he divided his Company into three divisions, and these divisions served monthly tours - so that he was engaged one year in actual service, and the other two as a member of the Company - and only required to do military duty as above stated, i.e. one month in every three - he lived in St. Georges Parish, at the time he was enrolled a member of Capt. Waring's Company - in 1779 he was appointed by Capt. Waring, a Sergeant to take the Company and of six men, and go on board a schooner, and convey the powder

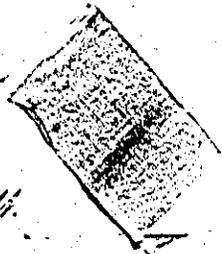
to Charleston from Fort Mifflin down Ashley River - which he did - got below Stons Ferry the night before the British crossed it on their march from Savannah to Charleston - After delivering the powder to Governor Rutledge, he marched up to the lines, and joined his Company which had come down to Charleston by land - remained in Charleston until Gen. Lincoln fought the British at Stons Ferry; and was then discharged and returned home - In 1780, September, Capt. Warrings Company was ordered out again, and joined Colo. Washingtons Cavalry - was in the surprise at Monks Corner, where Colo. Washington Commanded. Gen. Ewing lay at Biggins Church, and was surprised at the same time. Was in service until May of this year. After the taking of Charleston the militia generally returned to their homes, and he amongst the rest - early in the Spring of 1781, he thinks in March, he volunteered under Capt. John Wright, Captain of the Massey Law Company, who had raised nineteen other volunteers, and went and joined Gen. Marion in the Santee Swamps - Shortly after joining Gen. Marion, Capt. Wright, Colo. Wall Hampton, and Colo. Thomas, the two latter of Gen. Sumpters Brigade, were ordered to the road leading from Monks Corner, to Charleston, to go as far down as the officers should think prudent. We went within six miles of Charleston; there my Capt. John Wright was killed. We took about thirty British regulars, a baggage waggon, and about ninety head of horses - the British having them out at pasture - after Capt. Wright was killed, all his men returned home, except John Gibson and applicant - we were then encamped on Santee, opposite Galliard Island - Colo. Ferguson, Mahan was at that time enlisting men for a regiment of

light horse - he and Gibson enlisted - applicant for twelve months as forage master to the Regiment - he served eight months as forage master, was then promoted to a Lieutenant in the third troop of said Regiment commanded by Robert McKelvey; his commission, signed by Gov. Rutledge, was lost in a trunk stolen from him in Charleston. The first meeting of the Legislature of South Carolina, after the fall of Charleston, Gen. Marion and Col. Mcham were elected members and both went. Marion left his brigade under the command of Col. Berry, of the light horse, the whole regiment and light horse were surprised on Wambaw - Col. Mcham's regiment was left under the command of Capt. John Carraway Smith - we lay about twenty-five miles above Marion's Brigade and Berry's horse on the Santee, at James Sinclair's plantation - on receiving the news of the surprise, Capt. Smith marched off to cover the retreat of those who might be squandered - but as soon as we got to the ground where Marion's brigade lay, we also were surprised. Applicant was with Marion when he went to Pee Dee, where he had a truce with Col. Flaming and Major Gause - he was at the battle of Wepitaw, on the 3rd of January, 1782 - and received a wound in the ear - Col. Mcham's Regiment was alone in this battle - he was also at the taking of the British Hospital near Monk's Corner, by Col. Mcham - we were accompanied by Colos. Shulby, Sevier and Row - ninety three regulars, two Levitors and three sergeants - plantation, in Christ Church parish on the 28th of February, 1782, where applicant was shot

thro' the leg - he was disbanded in Charleston in 1782, after the British left it. Had no written discharge, has no documentary evidence of his service, except the enclosed certified copy of a settlement made by applicant, in 1784, as forage-master, Lieutenant and Quartermaster, in Col. Mchams Cavalry - taken from the books of, and certified by the Comptroller General of S. Carolina - he knows of no person now living in this part of the country by whom he can prove his service. He served three by months in Mchams Regiment four months as a volunteer under Capt. Wright, and assisted in guarding the magazine at Dorchester three years - but by an arrangement of the Captain was only in actual service one month in three, though subject to the orders of his Officer the whole time - he served as forage-master six months, and the last twelve months as Lieutenant of a troop of horse. After the war he resided in S. Carolina, and in various parts of that State, until 1818 - then went to Rutherford County Tennessee - and in 1819, to Lawrence County, in this state where he has resided ever since.

Recapitulation of Service.

From 1776 to '79, he was in actual service as a private in Capt. Mearns Company of militia - From February till May, 1780, he served three months as a private under Capt. Mearns - from March 1781, four months as volunteer under Capt. Wright - in 1781 & 2, he served in Col. Mchams Regiment twenty months - eight months as forage-master -



and twelve months as lieutenant of a troop of horse - making in all three years and three months actual service - eight months of which time he served as forage master and twelve months as a lieutenant of horse.

He refers to the certificates of Judge Wallace Crockett, Mr. Donald, John Frey and John Gallagher, as evidence of his character.

He hereby relinquishes every claim whatever to a pension or annuity, except the present - and declares that his name is not on the pension roll of the agency of any state.

I sworn to & subscribed the day and year above said.

Thomas Broughton

The Gro. State Mr. Donald, a Clergyman residing in Lawrence County, Alabama, and James M. Wallace Judge of the County Court of said County, and John Frey and John Gallagher, residing in said County, hereby Certify that we are well acquainted with Thomas Broughton, who had subscribed and sworn to the above doc.

State of Tennessee
County of Gibson $\frac{3}{3}$ ps.

On this 9th day of June A.D. 1841 personally appeared before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the County Court of said County, Mary Broughton, a resident of said County and State, aged seventy eight years, who being duly sworn according to law, doth on ~~her~~ oath make the following Declaration, in order to obtain the benefit of the provisions made by the act of Congress passed July 7th 1838, entitled, "An act granting half pay and pensions to certain widows". That she is the widow of Thomas Broughton who was a Revolutionary Pensioner. That her said husband was placed on the pension roll, according to her best recollection, in the latter part of the year 1835; and that his pension was payable at the Pension Agency at Decatur in the State of Alabama, he being at that time a Citizen of Lawrence County in that State. And for the proof of his services and the rank she held in the Army of the Revolution, which she believes was that of Sergeant, she refers to the papers submitted by him in support of his claim to a pension now on file in the War Office.

She further declares that she was married to the said Thomas Broughton if her memory be

correct in the summer of 1783. That her husband
the said Thomas Broughton died in the month
of February in the year 1836, a short time
before his pension certificate was received.
That she made the proof required of her identity
as his widow and drew the amount pension
due him up to his death, which proof was
filed with the pension agent at Decatur as
aforesaid to which she also refers of it be
necessary. That she was not married to him
prior to his leaving the service, but the
marriage took place previous to the first
of January 1794, to wit: at the time above
stated.

She further declares that she knows of no
one now living by whom she can prove her
marriage with the said Thomas Broughton; and
that the only proof she can submit on that
point is the old family Record kept by her
said husband, and in his own hand writing, of
the birth of their children, which has remain-
ed in her possession from the time of his death
and is herewith annexed and prayed to be
taken as part of this declaration.
Sworn to and subscribed the
day above written

Nelson Tarnes

Justice of the County
Court of Gibson

Henry Broughton
mark

State of Tennessee } In open Court at the
Haywood County } April (quarter) Term
of Haywood County Court
Present: Thos. A. Haynes H. G. Hinkley G. W.
Parrott

On this seventh day of April A.D. 1836.
before the County Court of Haywood County
in State of our said personally appeared
Thomas Broughton aged Sixty five years a
resident of sd. County State who being duly
sworn according to Law doth on his oath
make the following declaration in order to
obtain the benefits of the provisions of the
act of 7th June 1832 & all subsequent acts of
Congress granting Pensions to Revolutionary
Soldiers - Their Widows & children.

That he is the Administrator of Thomas
Broughton deceased who this deponent testifies
& does believe was a Private in Capt. War-
rings Company from 1776 to 1779. also from
Feb. to May 1780 & 12 Months as a Lieu-
tenant in 3rd Regt. of Col. M. Kelsey & this
deponent is informed & believes that his
Father the said Thomas Broughton
did other & important ^{services} in other & respon-
sible stations in the ^{course} of the Revolution
of which he has no evidence that his
said Father Thomas Broughton was in the
surprise at Moultrie's Corner, was with Genl
Mifflin in 1781 in Santee Swamps, was at
the battle of Wapetaw, was with Marion
to the Pee Dee & was in several other battles
was wounded in the ear, was at the taking

of the British Hospital, It is at present at
the Battle of Passau Smith's Regiment
on 28 Feb 1782 & was shot through the leg -
Was discharged in Charleston in 1782
after the British left it. Has no docu-
mentary evidence except as herebefore
filed. This deponent has heard & believes
that his Father the said Thomas Broughton
was in the service much longer & in battles
not here enumerated of which he him-
self has no documentary evidence; but
which he expects his Attorney hereafter
appointed may procure.

That the said Thomas Broughton left
a Widow named Mary Broughton who
draw a Pension up to 4th March 1847 as
the Widow of said Thomas Broughton
& died on 25th April 1847 leaving a
balance by computation due her of
\$31.54

That this deponent Thomas Broughton
Administrator of his Father of the same
name & his Sister Ruth M. Pense for-
merly Ruth M. Broughton & Nancy
Broughton are the only surviving chil-
dren of the said Soldier Thomas Broughton.

That he was married to the said Mary
Broughton formerly Mary Wallace in Edgefield
County & State of South Carolina on the or about
the year 1784 or 5 by me

& that the said Thomas Broughton a Soldier
of the Revolutionary War died at the Battle
in Lawrence County near Moulton &
State of Alabama.

That he further states there is ~~no~~
Record of his Marriage & there is no
private record of his Marriage - further
that was furnished the Department
when his Widow Mary Broughton ob-
tained her Pension & which this de-
ponent requests may be taken as part
of this Affidavit of kinship -

He hereby appoints John M. Boyant
Esq of Washington City his true & lawful
attorney with power of substitution to
prosecute this his claim & all claims that
he may be legally entitled to, to receive
& accept for the \$313⁷⁵ as well as all other
money that may be coming & due to him
as the Administrator of his Father &
as the Representative of himself & his
two Sisters above named - the only
Surviving Children of the said Thomas
as Broughton, to receive the Certificate
or pay & to do all other acts necessary
& proper in the premises.

John Broughton Seal

Subscribed to & subscribed before me on the day &
year first above mentioned & I hereby certify
that I know the said Deponent Thomas Broughton
believe him to be as above stated & that he is of
the age stated - that he is a man of ^{good} character
& standing & further that I am not in-
terested in this claim as attorney or otherwise -

Witness my hand & seal of Court Office
by order of Court now in session -
C. P. Johnson



Rev. & 1612
Wars Section

M. E. E.
Copied from letter
by A. W. dated
Jan. 12, 1924,
August 14, 1928

J. S. C. Ellington
933 Arabelle Street
New Orleans, Louisiana

Sir:

I advise you that from the papers in the Revolutionary War pension claim, W. 897, it appears that Thomas Broughton was born April 18, 1760, in Saint John's Parish on Cooper River in South Carolina, and resided during the Revolution in Saint George's Parish, South Carolina.

He served at various times from 1776, to late in 1783, as Private, Sergeant, Lieutenant, Forage Master, and Quartermaster in the South Carolina Troops.

He died February 14, 1838, in Lawrence County, Alabama.

He married in Edgefield District, South Carolina, in the summer of 1783, Mary Wallace. She was allowed pension on her application executed June 9, 1841, while living in Gibson County, Tennessee, aged seventy-eight years. She died there April 22, 1847.

The children of Thomas and Mary Broughton were:-

Robert Wallace Broughton, born December 31, 1784,
died June 29, 1785.

Ann Singleton Broughton " June 29, 1786.

Sarah Broughton born September 12, 1789,
 died October 23, 1789.

Thomas Broughton " September 8, 1791.

Mary Broughton " May 9, 1794.

Isabel Stewart Broughton " March 15, 1799.

Erth Broughton " May 14, 1802, married
 Josiah Penn.

Respectfully,

WINFIELD SCOTT
Commissioner.